

## 7-Chloro-4-[(*E*)-*N'*-(4-fluorobenzylidene)-hydrazinyl]quinoline monohydrate

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Received 9 December 2009; accepted 11 December 2009

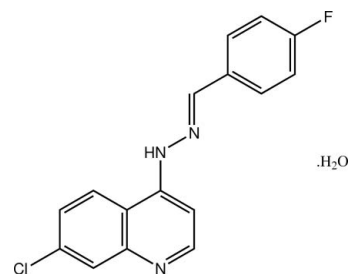
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 120$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.059;  $wR$  factor = 0.131; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.1.

The molecule of the title hydrate,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClFN}_3\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , is slightly twisted, as indicated by the dihedral angle of  $9.55$  ( $10^\circ$ ) formed between the quinoline ring system and the benzene ring. The conformation about the  $\text{C}=\text{N}$  double bond is *E*, and the amine-H atom is oriented towards the quinoline residue. In the crystal structure, the water molecule accepts an  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and makes two  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}_{\text{quinoline}}$  hydrogen bonds, generating a two-dimensional array in the *ab* plane, which is further stabilized by  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions. The most significant contacts between layers are of the type  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$ .

### Related literature

For background information on the pharmacological activity of quinoline derivatives, see: Elslager *et al.* (1969); Font *et al.* (1997); Kaminsky & Meltzer (1968); Musiol *et al.* (2006); Nakamura *et al.* (1999); Palmer *et al.* (1993); Ridley (2002); Sloboda *et al.* (1991); Tanenbaum & Tuffanelli (1980); Warshakoon *et al.* (2006). For recent studies into quinoline-based anti-malarials, see: Andrade *et al.* (2007); Cunico *et al.* (2006); da Silva *et al.* (2003); de Souza *et al.* (2005). For crystallographic studies on molecules related to the title compound, see: Kaiser *et al.* (2009); de Souza *et al.* (2009); de Ferreira *et al.* (2009). For the synthesis, see: Pellerano *et al.* (1976).

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### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClFN}_3\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
 $M_r = 317.74$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 3.7795$  (2) Å  
 $b = 15.4188$  (11) Å  
 $c = 24.8576$  (16) Å  
 $\beta = 90.286$  ( $4^\circ$ )

$V = 1448.57$  (16) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.28$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 120$  K  
 $0.90 \times 0.04 \times 0.04$  mm

#### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2007)  
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.614$ ,  $T_{\text{max}} = 0.746$

19494 measured reflections  
 3291 independent reflections  
 2009 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.098$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.131$   
 $S = 1.04$   
 3291 reflections  
 205 parameters  
 3 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.33$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.37$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O1w}-\text{H1w}\cdots\text{N1}^{\text{i}}$	0.84 (2)	2.28 (2)	2.999 (3)	144 (2)
$\text{O1w}-\text{H2w}\cdots\text{N1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.85 (2)	1.93 (2)	2.761 (3)	166 (3)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2n}\cdots\text{O1w}^{\text{iii}}$	0.88	2.01	2.865 (3)	165
$\text{C5}-\text{H5}\cdots\text{O1w}^{\text{iii}}$	0.95	2.45	3.379 (3)	164
$\text{C10}-\text{H10}\cdots\text{O1w}^{\text{iii}}$	0.95	2.50	3.302 (3)	142
$\text{C1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{F1}^{\text{iv}}$	0.95	2.56	3.399 (3)	147
$\text{C6}-\text{H6}\cdots\text{F1}^{\text{v}}$	0.95	2.56	3.477 (3)	161

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $x + 1, y, z$ ; (iv)  $-x, -y, -z$ ; (v)  $x + 1, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: COLLECT (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: DENZO (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and COLLECT; data reduction: DENZO and COLLECT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2009).

The use of the EPSRC X-ray crystallographic service at the University of Southampton, England and the valuable assistance of the staff there is gratefully acknowledged. JLW acknowledges support from CAPES (Brazil).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2970).

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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, o152-o153 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536809053367 ]

## 7-Chloro-4-[(*E*)-*N'*-(4-fluorobenzylidene)hydrazinyl]quinoline monohydrate

M. V. N. de Souza, R. A. Howie, E. R. T. Tiekink, J. L. Wardell and S. M. S. V. Wardell

### Comment

The title compound, crystallized as a hydrate, (I), was prepared as part of continuing studies designed to develop antimalarial compounds based on the quinoline nucleus (Andrade *et al.*, 2007; Cunico *et al.*, 2006; da Silva *et al.*, 2003; de Souza *et al.*, 2005). The systematic examination of quinoline derivatives comes about owing to the fact that the majority of antimalarial agents, including chloroquine (Tanenbaum & Tuffanelli, 1980), mefloquine (Palmer *et al.*, 1993), primaquine (Elslager *et al.*, 1969) and amodiaquine (Ridley, 2002), have a quinoline ring substructure, the mainstay of malaria chemotherapy for much of the past 40 years (Font *et al.*, 1997; Kaminsky & Meltzer, 1968; Musiol *et al.*, 2006; Nakamura *et al.*, 1999; Sloboda *et al.*, 1991; Warshakoon *et al.*, 2006). Allied with these investigations are structural studies aimed at elucidating systematic structural trends in these molecules (Kaiser *et al.* 2009; de Souza *et al.* 2009; de Ferreira *et al.* 2009).

The molecule in (I), Fig. 1, features an effectively planar quinoline residue (maximum deviations of 0.018 (2) Å for atom C4 and -0.025 (2) Å for atom C2) which forms a dihedral angle of 9.55 (10) ° with the C11–C16 benzene ring. Twists in the molecule are evident about the N2–C3 and C10–C11 bonds as seen in the values of the N3–N2–C3–C2 and N3–C10–C11–C12 torsion angles of 6.9 (4) and -6.6 (4) °, respectively. As observed in related systems, the amine-H is orientated over the quinoline residue (Kaiser *et al.* 2009; de Souza *et al.* 2009; de Ferreira *et al.*, 2009). The conformation about the N3=C10 double bond is *E*. The molecule crystallizes as a hydrate and the latter species is pivotal in stabilizing the crystal structure. Thus, the water-H atoms form donor O–H···N hydrogen bonds to quinoline-N atoms derived from two molecules. At the same time, the water-O atom accepts a N–H···O hydrogen bond from the amine-N2 of another molecule. Thus, the water molecule provides links between three molecules, leading to the formation of a 2-D array, Fig. 2 and Table 1. The resultant layer in the *ab* plane is further stabilized by C–H···O interactions, Table 1, and weak  $\pi\cdots\pi$  contacts [ring centroid(N1,C1–C4,C9)···ring centroid(C4–C9)]<sup>i</sup> = 3.7070 (14) Å, dihedral angle = 1.45 (11) ° for *i*: -1 + *x*, *y*, *z*]. Layers stack along the *c* direction with the most significant contacts between layers being of the type C–H···F whereby the fluoride is bifurcated, Table 1 and Fig. 3.

### Experimental

A solution of 7-chloro-4-hydrazinoquinoline (0.20 g, 1.0 mmol) and 4-fluorobenzaldehyde (0.15 g, 1.2 mmol) in EtOH (5 ml) was maintained at room temperature overnight and rotary evaporated. The solid residue, was washed with cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 10 ml) and recrystallized from EtOH m.pt. 518–519 K, lit. value 518 K (Pellerano *et al.*, 1976), yield 74%. The sample for the X-ray study was slowly grown from moist EtOH and was found to be the monohydrate. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.28–7.32 (3*H*, m), 7.54 (1*H*, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.84–7.88 (3*H*, m), 8.34–8.40 (3*H*, m), 11.3 (1*H*, br.s, NH). MS/ESI: [*M*<sup>+</sup> - H]: 298. IR  $\nu_{\max}$  (cm<sup>-1</sup>; KBr disc): 3232 (N–H), 1585 (C=N), 817 (C–F).

## Refinement

The amine- and C-bound H atoms were geometrically placed (N–H = 0.88 Å and C–H = 0.95 Å) and refined as riding with  $U_{iso}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{eq}(\text{C})$ . The water-bound H atoms were located from a difference map and refined (O–H = 0.84 (1) Å) with  $U_{iso}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{eq}(\text{O})$ .

## Figures

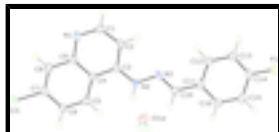


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of both components comprising the asymmetric unit of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

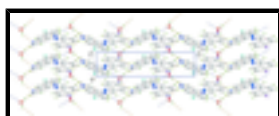


Fig. 2. A view of the 2-D supramolecular array in (I) showing the O–H...N and N–H...O hydrogen bonds as orange and blue dashed lines, respectively. Colour code: Cl, cyan; F, pink; O, red; N, blue; C, grey; and H, green.

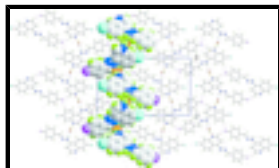


Fig. 3. A view in projection along the *a* axis of the unit-cell contents in (I) showing the stacking of layers along the *c* direction. The O–H...N and N–H...O hydrogen bonds are shown as orange and blue dashed lines, respectively, and the C–H...F contacts are represented by pink dashed lines. One of the 2-D arrays, as shown in Fig. 2, has been highlighted in space-filling mode. Colour code: Cl, cyan; F, pink; O, red; N, blue; C, grey; and H, green.

## 7-Chloro-4-[(*E*)-*N*'-(4-fluorobenzylidene)hydrazinyl]quinoline monohydrate

### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClFN}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$

$M_r = 317.74$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 3.7795$  (2) Å

$b = 15.4188$  (11) Å

$c = 24.8576$  (16) Å

$\beta = 90.286$  (4)°

$V = 1448.57$  (16) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 656$

$D_x = 1.457$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 13530 reflections

$\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.28$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 120$  K

Needle, colourless

$0.90 \times 0.04 \times 0.04$  mm

### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer

3291 independent reflections

Radiation source: Enraf Nonius FR591 rotating anode

2009 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

10 cm confocal mirrors

$R_{int} = 0.098$

Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

$\theta_{max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{min} = 3.1^\circ$

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

$h = -4 \rightarrow 4$

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2007)  $k = -20 \rightarrow 19$   
 $T_{\min} = 0.614$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.746$   $l = -32 \rightarrow 32$   
19494 measured reflections

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.131$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.04$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0463P)^2 + 0.5902P]$
3291 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
205 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
3 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.85154 (18)	-0.01273 (5)	0.43677 (3)	0.0319 (2)
F1	0.1997 (4)	0.22958 (11)	-0.11624 (6)	0.0367 (5)
N1	0.3942 (5)	-0.13713 (14)	0.26095 (9)	0.0214 (5)
N2	0.6585 (5)	0.08516 (14)	0.17189 (8)	0.0221 (5)
H2N	0.7847	0.1268	0.1867	0.027*
N3	0.5476 (5)	0.09163 (15)	0.11914 (8)	0.0212 (5)
C1	0.3270 (7)	-0.12969 (18)	0.20855 (11)	0.0225 (6)
H1	0.2176	-0.1776	0.1911	0.027*
C2	0.4043 (6)	-0.05737 (18)	0.17733 (10)	0.0210 (6)
H2	0.3436	-0.0566	0.1402	0.025*
C3	0.5701 (6)	0.01357 (17)	0.20052 (10)	0.0178 (6)
C4	0.6457 (6)	0.01003 (16)	0.25750 (10)	0.0176 (6)
C5	0.8024 (6)	0.07868 (18)	0.28696 (11)	0.0210 (6)

## supplementary materials

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H5	0.8680	0.1303	0.2687	0.025*
C6	0.8613 (6)	0.07213 (18)	0.34118 (10)	0.0220 (6)
H6	0.9655	0.1189	0.3605	0.026*
C7	0.7663 (7)	-0.00432 (18)	0.36790 (11)	0.0218 (6)
C8	0.6151 (6)	-0.07217 (18)	0.34132 (10)	0.0214 (6)
H8	0.5531	-0.1233	0.3604	0.026*
C9	0.5501 (6)	-0.06654 (16)	0.28533 (10)	0.0179 (6)
C10	0.6205 (7)	0.16293 (18)	0.09495 (11)	0.0219 (6)
H10	0.7507	0.2064	0.1136	0.026*
C11	0.5085 (7)	0.17884 (18)	0.03962 (11)	0.0216 (6)
C12	0.3483 (7)	0.11448 (18)	0.00825 (11)	0.0231 (6)
H12	0.3087	0.0586	0.0232	0.028*
C13	0.2471 (7)	0.13101 (18)	-0.04411 (11)	0.0237 (6)
H13	0.1409	0.0871	-0.0656	0.028*
C14	0.3041 (7)	0.21294 (19)	-0.06453 (11)	0.0256 (7)
C15	0.4572 (7)	0.27824 (19)	-0.03525 (11)	0.0269 (7)
H15	0.4911	0.3342	-0.0504	0.032*
C16	0.5614 (7)	0.26028 (18)	0.01715 (11)	0.0232 (6)
H16	0.6708	0.3044	0.0380	0.028*
O1W	0.0566 (5)	0.23633 (12)	0.20098 (8)	0.0287 (5)
H1W	0.262 (3)	0.2503 (17)	0.2111 (12)	0.043*
H2W	-0.086 (5)	0.2775 (13)	0.2069 (12)	0.043*

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.0381 (4)	0.0386 (5)	0.0191 (4)	-0.0007 (3)	-0.0065 (3)	-0.0001 (3)
F1	0.0475 (10)	0.0422 (11)	0.0205 (9)	0.0086 (8)	-0.0082 (8)	0.0037 (8)
N1	0.0218 (12)	0.0225 (13)	0.0200 (13)	0.0000 (10)	-0.0006 (9)	-0.0006 (10)
N2	0.0269 (12)	0.0218 (13)	0.0177 (12)	-0.0046 (10)	-0.0046 (9)	0.0001 (10)
N3	0.0219 (12)	0.0265 (14)	0.0153 (12)	0.0018 (10)	-0.0022 (9)	0.0005 (10)
C1	0.0185 (14)	0.0204 (16)	0.0286 (17)	0.0005 (11)	-0.0024 (12)	-0.0026 (13)
C2	0.0204 (14)	0.0270 (16)	0.0156 (14)	0.0007 (12)	-0.0052 (11)	-0.0005 (12)
C3	0.0150 (13)	0.0189 (15)	0.0195 (14)	0.0014 (11)	-0.0008 (10)	-0.0011 (12)
C4	0.0151 (13)	0.0168 (14)	0.0209 (14)	0.0033 (11)	-0.0002 (10)	-0.0018 (12)
C5	0.0204 (14)	0.0189 (15)	0.0237 (15)	0.0012 (11)	0.0001 (11)	-0.0018 (12)
C6	0.0242 (15)	0.0210 (16)	0.0208 (15)	-0.0003 (12)	-0.0035 (11)	-0.0059 (12)
C7	0.0204 (14)	0.0276 (17)	0.0175 (14)	0.0030 (12)	-0.0016 (11)	-0.0034 (12)
C8	0.0198 (14)	0.0223 (16)	0.0220 (15)	0.0050 (12)	-0.0007 (11)	0.0046 (12)
C9	0.0154 (13)	0.0149 (14)	0.0233 (15)	0.0003 (11)	-0.0026 (10)	-0.0030 (12)
C10	0.0222 (15)	0.0215 (16)	0.0221 (16)	0.0019 (12)	0.0000 (11)	-0.0046 (13)
C11	0.0185 (14)	0.0253 (16)	0.0209 (15)	0.0030 (12)	0.0004 (11)	0.0010 (12)
C12	0.0261 (15)	0.0194 (15)	0.0238 (16)	-0.0004 (12)	0.0010 (12)	-0.0001 (12)
C13	0.0240 (15)	0.0241 (16)	0.0229 (16)	0.0009 (12)	-0.0018 (12)	-0.0045 (13)
C14	0.0273 (15)	0.0350 (18)	0.0145 (14)	0.0051 (13)	-0.0025 (11)	0.0012 (13)
C15	0.0265 (15)	0.0256 (17)	0.0287 (17)	0.0025 (13)	-0.0004 (12)	0.0043 (13)
C16	0.0244 (15)	0.0240 (16)	0.0213 (15)	-0.0016 (12)	-0.0012 (11)	-0.0037 (13)
O1W	0.0255 (11)	0.0227 (11)	0.0377 (13)	-0.0003 (9)	-0.0020 (9)	-0.0045 (9)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C11—C7	1.745 (3)	C6—H6	0.9500
F1—C14	1.367 (3)	C7—C8	1.362 (4)
N1—C1	1.331 (3)	C8—C9	1.414 (3)
N1—C9	1.377 (3)	C8—H8	0.9500
N2—C3	1.356 (3)	C10—C11	1.458 (4)
N2—N3	1.378 (3)	C10—H10	0.9500
N2—H2N	0.8800	C11—C16	1.389 (4)
N3—C10	1.284 (3)	C11—C12	1.398 (4)
C1—C2	1.390 (4)	C12—C13	1.379 (4)
C1—H1	0.9500	C12—H12	0.9500
C2—C3	1.385 (4)	C13—C14	1.379 (4)
C2—H2	0.9500	C13—H13	0.9500
C3—C4	1.445 (3)	C14—C15	1.369 (4)
C4—C5	1.415 (4)	C15—C16	1.387 (4)
C4—C9	1.416 (4)	C15—H15	0.9500
C5—C6	1.369 (3)	C16—H16	0.9500
C5—H5	0.9500	O1W—H1W	0.841 (10)
C6—C7	1.401 (4)	O1W—H2W	0.845 (10)
C1—N1—C9	116.2 (2)	C7—C8—H8	120.0
C3—N2—N3	118.9 (2)	C9—C8—H8	120.0
C3—N2—H2N	120.5	N1—C9—C8	117.2 (2)
N3—N2—H2N	120.5	N1—C9—C4	123.6 (2)
C10—N3—N2	116.3 (2)	C8—C9—C4	119.2 (2)
N1—C1—C2	125.2 (3)	N3—C10—C11	121.6 (2)
N1—C1—H1	117.4	N3—C10—H10	119.2
C2—C1—H1	117.4	C11—C10—H10	119.2
C3—C2—C1	119.8 (2)	C16—C11—C12	118.7 (2)
C3—C2—H2	120.1	C16—C11—C10	119.3 (2)
C1—C2—H2	120.1	C12—C11—C10	122.0 (3)
N2—C3—C2	122.4 (2)	C13—C12—C11	120.8 (3)
N2—C3—C4	119.8 (2)	C13—C12—H12	119.6
C2—C3—C4	117.7 (2)	C11—C12—H12	119.6
C5—C4—C9	118.5 (2)	C12—C13—C14	118.3 (3)
C5—C4—C3	124.0 (2)	C12—C13—H13	120.9
C9—C4—C3	117.4 (2)	C14—C13—H13	120.9
C6—C5—C4	121.3 (3)	F1—C14—C15	118.8 (3)
C6—C5—H5	119.3	F1—C14—C13	118.3 (2)
C4—C5—H5	119.3	C15—C14—C13	123.0 (3)
C5—C6—C7	119.2 (2)	C14—C15—C16	118.0 (3)
C5—C6—H6	120.4	C14—C15—H15	121.0
C7—C6—H6	120.4	C16—C15—H15	121.0
C8—C7—C6	121.6 (2)	C15—C16—C11	121.2 (3)
C8—C7—C11	119.6 (2)	C15—C16—H16	119.4
C6—C7—C11	118.8 (2)	C11—C16—H16	119.4
C7—C8—C9	120.0 (2)	H1W—O1W—H2W	110.0 (16)
C3—N2—N3—C10	176.0 (2)	C7—C8—C9—N1	-179.5 (2)



## supplementary materials

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C9—N1—C1—C2	0.5 (4)	C7—C8—C9—C4	0.3 (4)
N1—C1—C2—C3	1.3 (4)	C5—C4—C9—N1	179.6 (2)
N3—N2—C3—C2	6.9 (4)	C3—C4—C9—N1	0.7 (4)
N3—N2—C3—C4	-172.4 (2)	C5—C4—C9—C8	-0.2 (3)
C1—C2—C3—N2	178.6 (2)	C3—C4—C9—C8	-179.1 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-2.0 (4)	N2—N3—C10—C11	-178.2 (2)
N2—C3—C4—C5	1.6 (4)	N3—C10—C11—C16	173.3 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-177.7 (2)	N3—C10—C11—C12	-6.6 (4)
N2—C3—C4—C9	-179.5 (2)	C16—C11—C12—C13	0.5 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C9	1.1 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-179.5 (2)
C9—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (4)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.8 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	178.7 (2)	C12—C13—C14—F1	-179.2 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.4 (4)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.2 (4)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.3 (4)	F1—C14—C15—C16	180.0 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C11	178.65 (19)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.5 (4)
C6—C7—C8—C9	0.0 (4)	C14—C15—C16—C11	-0.8 (4)
C11—C7—C8—C9	-178.98 (18)	C12—C11—C16—C15	0.2 (4)
C1—N1—C9—C8	178.3 (2)	C10—C11—C16—C15	-179.7 (2)
C1—N1—C9—C4	-1.5 (4)		

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O1w—H1w $\cdots$ N1 <sup>i</sup>	0.843 (16)	2.28 (2)	2.999 (3)	144 (2)
O1w—H2w $\cdots$ N1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.85 (2)	1.93 (2)	2.761 (3)	166 (3)
N2—H2n $\cdots$ O1w <sup>iii</sup>	0.88	2.01	2.865 (3)	165
C5—H5 $\cdots$ O1w <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.45	3.379 (3)	164
C10—H10 $\cdots$ O1w <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.50	3.302 (3)	142
C1—H1 $\cdots$ F1 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.56	3.399 (3)	147
C6—H6 $\cdots$ F1 <sup>v</sup>	0.95	2.56	3.477 (3)	161

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (iii)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (iv)  $-x, -y, -z$ ; (v)  $x+1, -y+1/2, z+1/2$ .

Fig. 1

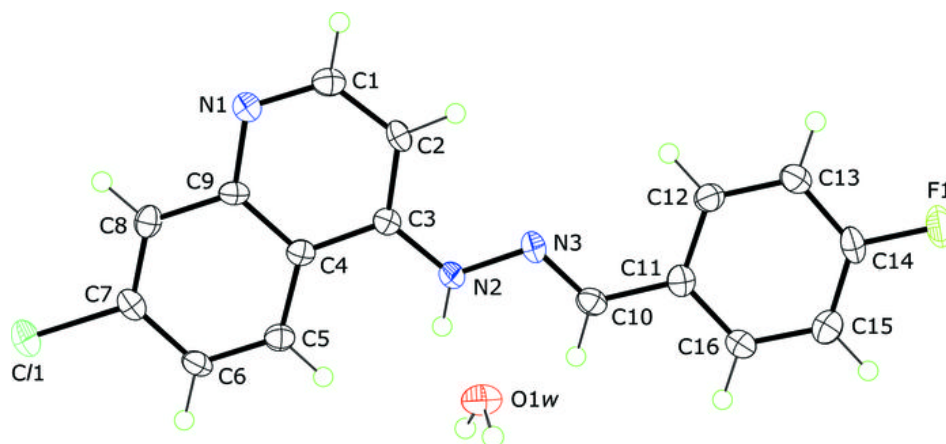


Fig. 2

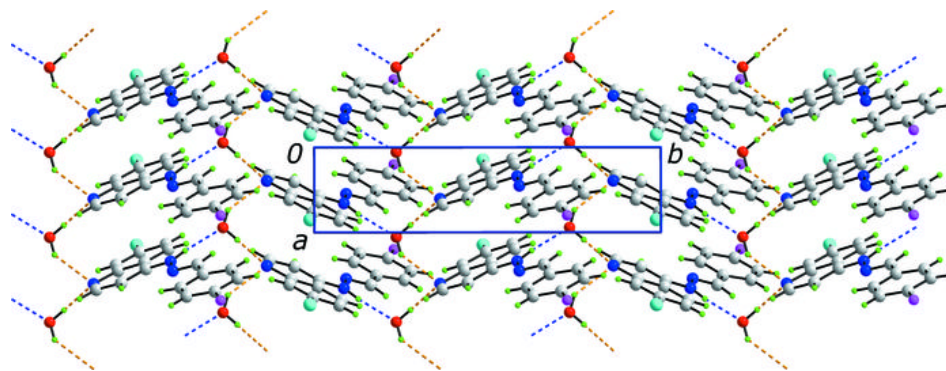


Fig. 3

